

Appendix A

Consensus vs 'dissensus'

Items were selected, using personal judgement, from the survey to represent the three categories, Belief (13 items), Belonging (16 items) and Behaviour (31 items). For each item, cross-tab scores were recorded for each outlook type (Secular, Somewhat Secular, Somewhat Religious and Religious) thus creating a matrix. The standard deviation of these scores was calculated per item and the resulting lists were then sorted in ascending order. The inter-quartile range of each of the three lists was used to divide the items: first quartile high consensus, second quartile low consensus, third quartile low 'dissensus' and fourth quartile high 'dissensus'.



Appendix B

Comparing Belief, Belonging and Behaviour by means of a weighted index

As per Appendix A, except that rather than calculating the standard deviation of the cross-tab results, scores were weighted to account for different response levels. For each outlook type these weights were summed to produce a single weighted Secular score, Somewhat Secular score and so on. These three sets of four weighted outlook scores were further weighted to account for the differing number of variables in each of the Belief, Belonging and Behaviour categories.



Appendix C

Factoring in quantifiable and meaningful *social distance*

Using weighted scores calculated as per Appendix B, and then accounting for the differing cross-sample response proportions in each outlook type, social distance scores were then calculated (effectively creating a weighted index), the results of which are shown in the table below.

Social distance result*	Weighted index			
	Secular	Somewhat Secular	Somewhat Religious	Religious
Belief	24	19	-1	-42
Belonging	19	-2	-15	-2
Behaviour	25	8	-9	-24

* Distance scores are based on the percentage difference (positive or negative) from the mean of the indices for each of the three categories, Belief, Belonging and Behaviour calculated in Appendix B.